

PLEASE RENEW YOUR SUBSCRIPTION FOR 1895.

Potter College

KENTUCKY'S IDEAL HOME SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES

Is the best furnished school in the South. Employs twenty teachers from the best schools of America and Europe. Has seven experienced teachers in the musical department, and a patronage from twenty-three states.

The College building, one of the finest in the state, is handsomely furnished—100 rooms heated by steam and lighted by gas, hot and cold water with bath-rooms attached.

Several young ladies from this county have been attending this last year and many more will attend this coming year. A very handsome catalogue will be sent free to any one on application, also a large lithograph in fourteen colors of the building. Please mention this paper and write for one. Address

Rev. B. F. CABELL, Pres.
BOWLING GREEN, KY.

THE FINANCIAL QUESTION

In a Nutshell. It is a Struggle Between Those Who Deal in Money

And Those Who Produce and Deal in Commodities.

The Whole Question is One of Prices.

AN IMPORTANT ADMISSION.

[From The Atlanta Constitution.]

We have shown recently in the most unmistakable way that the whole of the so-called "sound" money, men go to depreciate the price of commodities and to maintain, uphold and increase, if they can, the present purchasing power of gold. The whole contention is between those who deal in money and those who produce and deal in commodities. The producer and dealer in commodities is interested in obtaining profitable prices. The dealer in money is interested in commanding the largest possible quantity of property and commodities for each unit or dollar of his money. This is the financial issue in a nutshell. The whole question at bottom is one of prices. This is made perfectly clear by some editorial remarks in The New York Sun. The Sun says: Representative James E. Cobb, of Alabama, is reported by a Washington newspaper as making the following declaration:

"The one issue in Alabama politics at present is the silver question. I am in favor of the free coinage of silver and gold at a ratio of 16 to 1, and I see no necessity for waiting for an international agreement. I believe that this is the sentiment of the Democratic party in Alabama, but this does not mean that the Democrats of my State are not as firmly determined to have a sound currency as are the so-called 'sound money' men. We believe that free coinage would actually make the commercial value of the two metals equal at that ratio. We think that the demonetization of silver in 1873 caused the decline in the value of the white metal, and that again making silver a primary money would restore its old value. I am sure that did the Democrats of Alabama for a moment think that free coinage would result in a depreciated currency, they would not for a moment hesitate in condemning it. There are no flat money men in our party."

We should like to know how, if the free coinage of silver is not going to depreciate the currency, it will have the effect of counteracting the fall in prices which so many of the silver men insist is due to adherence to the gold standard. If silver, coined at the ratio of 16 to 1, is to be equal in value to gold coin, prices will remain just where they are now. We fancy that Mr. Cobb either does not speak the truth, or that he is himself deceived. The great argument for free silver all along has been that it will cheapen the dollar and give the farmer a dollar a bushel for his wheat instead of half a dollar, and the cotton planter 10 cents a pound for his cotton instead of 5 cents. Neither of these things can happen if what Mr. Cobb says is true.

The Sun heads these remarks "The Effect of Free Silver Coinage." It will be seen that The Sun loses all its gumption when it comes to discuss the financial question. It maintains that a rise in prices means soundness, or depreciated money, forgetting that, if this theory be correct, all our money and all the world's money—gold, silver and paper—was depreciated up to a few years ago.

The Sun is right about "the great argument" in favor of the free coinage of silver. Gold has more than doubled in value as the result of taking the place of silver as the money of final payment. The free coinage men want to take away a part of that unusual and artificial value and restore it to silver and to the property and the products of the people. That is the whole policy of those who are in favor of restoring silver to its old place. If this stock of available gold could be doubled, supplemented by a steady supply, there would be no free coinage men in the country because their values would be restored to the property and commodities produced by the people.

We never have seen The Sun or any other goldbug organ complain that gold coin was unsound money in 1873. Al-

though it was at a premium over greenbacks, and the people got along very prosperously without it, each coin would buy then not quite half as much as it will buy now.

Under free coinage silver will not be as valuable as gold is now, but it will be as valuable as gold will then be, for every ounce of silver, coined or uncoined, will have imparted to it the potential power of redemption money, and the demand for gold will cease to that extent. Silver will increase in value and gold will lose a part of its value, until both metals meet at the legal ratio.

Should gold go to a premium as the result of free coinage, we should not then, as some of the ignoramus claim, have a single silver standard, for the mints would still be open to gold. In the nature of things such a premium would be but temporary, but even if it were long continued not an interest in the country would suffer from it. We would have bimetallic prices, and the people would enjoy the benefits of constantly increasing prosperity. The worst that could happen under free silver coinage would be a thousand times better for the people than the present condition of affairs under the British gold standard.

There can be no prosperity for the people until the people can get fair and profitable prices for the products of their labor. Under the British gold standard the profits that ought to go into the pockets of the people are retained in the vaults of the money dealers. We say to The Sun, therefore, that the free coinage men are assuredly contending for higher prices and a higher level of prosperity. If higher prices didn't mean depreciated gold and silver money in 1870, they don't mean that now.

Meanwhile, we once more call the attention of the people to the fact that by the admission of the goldbugs "sound" money means the present level of low prices and depressed business.

GLENDEANE

Miss Carrie Owen is ill at this writing. Miss Coffey has returned to Cloverport.

C. L. Pate is here collecting county taxes.

Mr. Hambleton Henderson was here Monday.

Tom Owen, Owensboro, is at Mr. Jesse L. Owen's.

Mrs. Jeff Owen has returned from Cloverport.

Mr. Ferd Owen went to Hawesville Wednesday.

Miss B. Ada Drury is the guest of Mrs. Lou J. Owen.

Mr. and Mrs. Rutledge were visiting here last week.

Edgar Lewis is visiting Mr. Jesse L. Owen's family.

Miss Emma May, Hardinsburg, is visiting Miss Lillie Cooper.

Mr. Robertson makes frequent visits to Hardinsburg, of late.

Junius Owen, Louisville, is with his parents for a short visit.

Dr. R. S. Dempster attended the State Convention at Louisville.

Mr. Chas. Drury visited Miss Bettie Webb the 2nd. Sunday.

Miss Celia Robertson is visiting her brother, T. R. Robertson.

Misses McBeth, of Leitchfield, is visiting Mrs. B. G. Robertson.

Miss Pearl Beard, of Flahertyville, is visiting Miss Fannie Green.

Mr. W. O. McGuire, of Bowling Green, is visiting Miss Lillie Cooper.

Mr. and Mrs. Renfro recently visited their daughter, Mrs. Will Dean.

Mrs. Allen Deane and children are visiting at Mr. W. J. Dean's home.

The rain did much good to tobacco and corn and did little harm, if any, to the wheat.

Mrs. Emma Robertson and babe are visiting her parents at "Fern Creek," Jefferson county.

Misses Bettie Webb, Ada Drury and Mr. Chas. Drury dined with Mrs. D. C. Noorman the 2nd. Monday.

Ceres has made ready the golden grain for the harvest, consequently the farmers are busy with their sickles.

Mrs. Bettie Moorman, whose house and contents burned on the 7th. of June, is making ready to build a new dwelling.

Mrs. Ella Owen is spending this week with her parents. What a recreation and pleasure for these young housekeepers to spend a few days at the "dear old home."

Our Sunday School is getting along nicely. Misses Edna Robertson and Carrico Owen have rendered valuable assistance.

Mrs. Eli Dean, Mrs. Jesse Moorman and Mr. Chas. Fisher are with their father, Mr. J. M. Fisher, of Irvington, who is dangerously ill.

Rev. Cox, of Owensboro, is here asking aid for disabled and aged ministers of the Baptist church. Every Baptist should lend a helping hand.

Mr. Jeff Owen and bride, nee, Miss Carrie Moorman, have gone to house-keeping at Glendene. Their host friends wish for them a prosperous voyage on the sea of life.

A party of young people spent the day at the Sand Knobs Saturday. Among those present were Misses Mary and Bessie Moorman, Eva and Lula McBeth, Carrie Owen, Lillie Moorman, Edna and Ella Robertson, Nannie Owen and Messrs. Frank Dean, Vic and Ernest Robertson, Jim Dean, Charley Dean, Henry Moorman, Tom Owen, Edgar Lewis and Venna Moorman; and to them we will say

Enjoy the springtime of love and youth. To some good angels leave the rest. For time will teach you soon the truth: There are no birds in last year's nest.

BEWLEYVILLE.

Miss Laura Stith is attending District Conference.

R. M. Jolly and children spent Sunday with T. J. Jolly and wife.

C. H. Dury and family are visiting relatives in Brandenburg.

S. P. Drury and G. E. Drury went to Louisville Wednesday night.

W. H. Cain, Jr., attended the District Conference at Brandenburg through the entire session.

Misses Blanche Jolly and Lena Drury are visiting Mrs. John Frakes, Brandenburg, and attending Conference.

Lieut. B. F. Hardaway, who has recently arrived at Guston, spent Sunday with his sister, Mrs. Henry Cox.

Some nice rains and the hot weather are good to make corn grow and our hearts are gladdened with the prospect of "better times."

Sabbath School lesson to-day was a review of three months past, and was very interesting. Going over the last week of our Savior's life. We had a small attendance, but a real good meeting. After the Sunday School services the Epworth League held a devotional meeting.

GOLDEN ROD.

NORTON'S VALLEY.

The wheat crop is pretty good in this vicinity.

Miss Emma Wheeler visited the Norton's Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Fannie Board and brother, John Morelock, were at the Valley Sunday.

John Yates has built a new house which improves the looks of the Valley.

Godfrey Haswell, of Hardinsburg, and Miss Mary McCoy were at church Sunday.

The heavy rain kept some of the boys out Sunday night on account of high water.

Ed Hook, of Hardinsburg, is to teach our fall school. He is one of the Hardinsburg college graduates.

There was a heavy rainfall in this vicinity Sunday and Sunday night, which did some damage to crops, by washing them up.

Misses Effie and Lelia Kincheole, of Hardinsburg, were at church Sunday also called on the Miss Norton's in the afternoon.

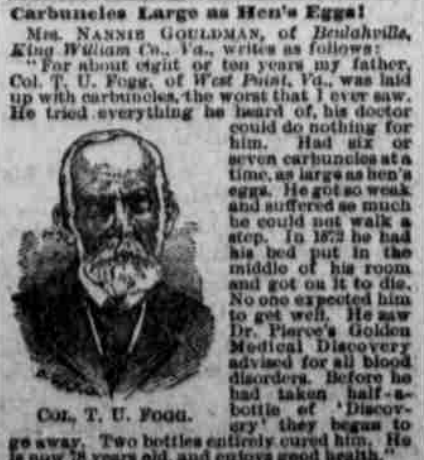
Madam Rumor reports another wedding soon in this vicinity. Wonder if Fred Triplett, of Bewleyville, knows any thing about it?

Misses Alla and Carrie Norton are making preparation to visit the Misses Kincheole, of Hardinsburg, on the 4th and attend the picnic there.

Rev. G. W. St. Clair gave two sermons on Sanctification, one the forenoon the other in the afternoon. There was a big crowd present, and those that were not there missed a treat.

The Valley was well represented Sunday with people from Bewleyville, Webster, Lodi, Hardinsburg, Clifton Mills, Garfield, Harned and Raymond. Some people think this little Valley is not much of a place, but just let them give out there is to be a "basket meeting" and there will be a big crowd every time.

Cardunculus Large as Men's Eggs! Mrs. NANCY GOODMAN, of Bewleyville, King William Co., Va., writes as follows: For about eight or ten years my father, Col. T. U. Fogg, of West Point, Va., was afflicted with carbuncles, the worst that I ever saw. He tried everything he heard of, but his doctor could do nothing for him. Had six or seven carbuncles at a time, as large as men's eggs. He got so weak and suffered so much he could not walk a step. In 1872 he had his bed put in the middle of his room, and got on it to die. No one expected him to get well. He saw Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery advised for all blood disorders. Before he had taken half-a-bottle of "Discovery" they began to go away. Two bottles entirely cured him. He is now 72 years old, and enjoys good health."



COE, T. U. FOGG.

PIERCE'S GUARANTEE CURE OR MONEY IS REFUNDED.

POPULISTS.

Meet At Louisville And Nominate a Full State Ticket.

And Declare For Free Silver And Most Everything Except Woman's Rights.

A HARMONIOUS MEETING.

The Populists held their state convention in Louisville last week, nominated a state ticket and adopted a platform covering most every question of interest to the American people except Woman's Rights. It is said of the 375 delegates present, that every one of them went to bed at 10 o'clock at night and were up by 6 o'clock in the morning. They were orderly and made the best appearance of any set of men ever assembled in Library Hall. Whether they are right or wrong in their political views they acted like men and gentlemen and this is much to their credit.

The following is the ticket named:

For Governor. THOMAS S. PETTIT, of Davies.
For Lieutenant Governor. JOHN J. BLAIR, of Nicholas.
For Treasurer. M. R. GARDNER, of Hardin.
For Auditor. C. H. DEAN, of Woodford.
For Register of Land Office. J. E. QUICKSALL, of Wolf.
For Attorney General. S. M. PEYTON, of Hart.
For Secretary of State. DON SINGLETARY, of Hickman.
For Supt. Public Instruction. H. H. FARMER, of Henderson.
For Commissioner of Agriculture. M. L. SCOTT, of Shelby.
For United States Senator. CLARENCE S. BATE, of Jefferson.

The initiative and referendum amendment was put through and then the resolutions were adopted as follows:

Preamble—The Omaha platform is a broad protest against the monopolies and their evils, which have sprung up and been fostered under the rule of the Democratic and Republican parties. They have deserted the principles of Jefferson and Lincoln. The People's party stands for the principles of industrial progress and human liberty. None of their betrayals of trust has resulted in so much disaster to every branch of our varied industries and in as much wrong and misery to our people as their deliberate and persistent legislation on the financial question. There is a right and a wrong principle under this great question—the two principles are as different as light and darkness. On one side of this question to day the Democratic and Republican parties stand together, side by side, backed by the Rothschilds, the bankers, the contractors and the gold trust; on the other side stands the People's party, single-handed, but backed by every patriot who has realized the real danger that confronts us, and that this is the paramount issue upon the correct solution of which depends, not only all other industrial reforms, but the civilization and Christianity of a great nation.

We fully realize that not all the social, political and industrial ills that afflict the people can be cured by a proper financial system, but the magnitude of the contest on this issue, is so portentous and the enemy is so firmly entrenched behind the legislative, judicial and executive departments of our government that we invite the assistance of all those who favor "more money and less misery," whether they fully agree with us on other issues or not.

Platform—Finance—Land and Legislative—Therefore, we the People's party of the State of Kentucky, in convention assembled, though we believe and reaffirm the Omaha platform, ask for the suffrage and co-operation of every voter in the State and welcome to our ranks all who believe with us in the following demands:

First—We are unalterably opposed to increasing our already great burden of national debt by the unnecessary issue of interest-bearing bonds in times of peace, and we deplore and condemn the recent action of the Democratic Administration at Washington, not only selling our national credit at a price below its market value, but especially for surrendering to the Rothschilds and other bankers our financial independence for six months by a secret contract, the infamy of which is without parallel in our history.

Second—In order to secure and maintain a safe, sound and flexible currency, we demand that the national banking system and all banks of issue be abolished, and in addition to the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, that the national Government proceed to issue national Treasury notes, all of which shall be a full legal tender for all debts, both public and private, and in quantity sufficient to restore the gentle range of prices and prosperity that existed before the demonetization of silver in 1873, and to increase in quantity year after year with the increase in population and business so as to maintain equity between debtor and creditor to facilitate the development of our great national resources.

First—We demand the free and unlimited coinage of silver on equal terms with gold at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, without asking the permission of Great Britain or any other foreign nation.

Second—The National Government has the right and should exercise it to use its option as to the kind of legal tender money with which it will pay any debt or obligation, and that it should always give preference to the money that is below par in order to appreciate it and maintain a parity among all of its legal tender money.

Third—We demand that Congress make it unlawful for any note, bond mortgage or other obligation to stipulate for payment in gold only, or in any other particular kind of legal tender money of the United States.

Fourth—Ours is the only political party that has ever had the honesty and patriotism to demand in its national platform for a graduated income tax. The Supreme Court of the United States, in its recent decision, has declared that our Constitution does not allow this just and equitable tax. In the language of Justice Harlan: "The practical, if not the direct, effect of the decision to-day is to give to certain kinds of property a position of favoritism and advantage that is inconsistent with the fundamental principles of our social organization, and to invest them with power and influence that is perilous to that portion of the people upon whom rests the larger part of the burdens of the Government, and who ought not to be subjected to the dominion of aggregated wealth any more than the property of the country should be at the mercy of the lawless."

Fifth—Therefore, we demand an amendment to the United States Constitution to provide for a graduated income tax.

STATE—First—We view with alarm the recent decision of the Court of Appeals of this State in the Bank Tax Case, and believe it to be subversive of the spirit and letter of the Constitution itself, which requires that all property shall be taxed alike—the property of a corporation just like an individual. The effect of this decision is to exempt property of the banks from all local taxation, and thereby throws the whole burden of municipal government upon the other classes in our cities and towns. We sincerely trust that the court will yet sustain the sovereign will of the people by reversal of their decision.

Second—We denounce the system that practically gives a monopoly to the American Book Trust of our common-school books, and insist that the largest competition should be given in the purchase of all books for the benefit of the children of our State.

Third—We deplore the action of the General Assembly in increasing the salaries of Judges of the Court of Appeals and other officials in our State at a time when all values are decreasing and distress is manifest in every household, and demand economy and retrenchment in every department of government, and promise our best endeavors to decrease the burden of taxation as far as may be consistent with good government.

You've No Idea

How nicely Hood's Sarsaparilla hits the needs of the people who feel all tired out or run down from any cause. It seems to oil up the whole mechanism of the body so that all moves smoothly and work becomes delight. If you are weak, tired and nervous, Hood's Sarsaparilla is just what you need. Try it.

Hood's PILLS cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache, indigestion.

DERBY, IND.

Mr. Gillespie, of Concordia, spent Thursday and Friday in town.

Mr. John Obrecht, of Tell City, was here last Wednesday on business.

Miss Lula Hargis spent Friday and Saturday with Miss Bertha Crist.

Mr. Claude Mitchell spent a short time at Stephensport Saturday on business.

Mr. Harvey, of Leavenworth, was registered at Mitchell's Hotel Saturday. Messrs James Hargis and J. W. Dyer, of Cannelton, spent a few hours in town Friday.

Miss Mollie Richardson, of Dexter, was the guest of Miss Jessie Lime last week.

Miss Eva Goffinet left Friday for Louisville where she will remain during the summer.

Charles Logsdon and Cleo Fleming spent Saturday and Sunday at Dexter in a social way.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Mitchell and Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Kellums spent Saturday and Sunday at the famous White Sulphur Well.

Four Big Successes.

Having the needed merit to more than make good all the advertising claimed for them, the following four remedies have reached a phenomenal sale. Dr. King's New Discovery, for consumption, Coughs and Colds, each bottle guaranteed—Electric Bitters, the best remedy for Liver, Stomach and Kidneys. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, and Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are a perfect pill. All these remedies are guaranteed to do just what is claimed for them and the dealer whose name is attached herewith will be glad to tell you more of them. Sold at A. R. Fisher's Drug store.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

CHINTZ ROYALTY, COUNTY SURVEYOR

Office over the Bank of Hardinsburg.

Will attend to any business in the line of Surveying. Finding lost lines and corners a specialty. Correspondence in regard to any boundaries of lands lying in Breckenridge county solicited. Also a Notary Public, and can take the acknowledgements of deeds at time of surveying if parties desire it. Address at Hardinsburg, Ky.



W. H. Nelson, who is in the drug business at Kingville, Mo., has so much confidence in Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy that he warrants every bottle and offers to refund the money to any customer who is not satisfied after using it. Mr. Nelson takes no risk in doing this because the Remedy is a certain cure for the diseases for which it is intended and he knows it. It is for sale by A. R. Fisher, Cloverport, Ky., and Kincheloe & Board, Hardinsburg, Ky.

GARFIELD.

A heavy rain fell at this place Sunday. Miss Jackie Brown teaches the Pleasant Grove school this fall.

James Nicholds was a smiling countenance these days, it's a girl.

All invalids of this place go to the Tar Springs for their health now-a-days.

A. A. Richardson goes once a week to the Tar Springs. He is quite a business man.

Misses Annie and Katie Board spent the 4th at Ekron, and went from there to Big Spring to visit relatives.

Garfield seems deserted now, as most of the people have gone to the Tar Springs to spend the summer.

The Sunday School at Pleasant Grove is a success. Come one, come all. It seems as if the people are alive in this work.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas McCoy, of Bewleyville, passed through this place Sunday on their way to Mr. A. Norton's, Mrs. McCoy's parents.

GENTLEMEN—Mr. Will Skillman has had sore eyes for years. He has tried many doctors and remedies, and has always failed to get relief until we sold him a tube of Sutherland's Eagle Eye Salve, which cured him inside of one week. Dr. Bell's Pine Tar Honey sells well and cures. Respectfully, M. MEYER & CO., BURLAS, KY.

January, 15, 1895.

Sutherland's Eagle Eye Salve has done a great deal more for me than can be told by pen. W. H. SKILLMAN, BURLAS, KY.

Yes, Its Hot!

Summer is not over yet. We all agree to that, but let us come to the same conclusion, that

Geo. Yeakel & Co.

Is the right House to buy your goods at all times. Extremely low prices have been made on all seasonable

Summer Goods

With a view to clear them out, on matter what the loss, will be your gain.

10 pieces Scotch Lawn worth \$8, sweeping out price only 5c the yard.

20 doz. Initial Handkerchiefs worth 10c, clear out at 5c.

50 pieces Tourist cloth, a good wash fabric, worth anywhere 8c, to move them we only ask you 3c the yard.

One lot of Black Silk Mitts the kind you always pay 40 and 50c for, at 25c in this sale.

10 pieces Taffeta Moire, a beautiful dress goods, will make up as handsome as a silk, reduced to 15c per yard.

15 doz. Gent's Ties, beautiful patterns, all silk, at only 25c, you generally pay 50c.

One lot of White Goods in plain, checks and stripes at 5, 7, 8 and 10c.

Our customers will not suffer on account of the rise in SHOES. We are prepared as we bought our goods early and can make you closer prices than any one else.

All over broken lots of CLOTHING in Men's and Boys, go in this sale at about one half the former price.

We have just received an invoice of a nice Brown Sugar, a nice clean, dry sugar, 28 lbs. for a dollar, silver or gold.

We solicit your trade.

The Great Bargain Store.

GEO. YEAKEL & CO., BRANDENBURG, KY.

What is It?

Shave, Hair Cut or Shampoo You Want.

Jacob Baldes

Of Louisville, has fitted up C. D. Ryan's old place, with entirely new furniture. Try him and be convinced of his workmanship.

ONLY 25 CENTS.

A Remarkable Book.

COIN'S Financial School

It is a book for everybody who desires to know the facts about finance and currency.

IF YOU WANT TO KNOW

All About Gold READ IT.

IF YOU WANT TO KNOW

All About Silver READ IT.

IF YOU WANT TO KNOW

All About Currency READ IT.

IF YOU WANT TO KNOW